



# Pulmonary Embolism

National Confidential Enquiry into Patient Outcome and Death (NCEPOD)

## CLINICIAN QUESTIONNAIRE

**CONFIDENTIAL**

### DETAILS OF THE CLINICIAN COMPLETING THIS QUESTIONNAIRE

Grade: \_\_\_\_\_

Specialty: \_\_\_\_\_

#### What is this study about?

The aim is to explore the overall management of patients diagnosed with pulmonary embolism and to look for remediable factors in the care of these patients.

#### Inclusions

Patients aged 16 or over who were diagnosed (in any position) with pulmonary embolism (ICD10 codes I26.0 and I26.9) between 1st July 2017 and 31st August 2017 inclusive. Patients that present with symptoms of a pulmonary embolism and those that develop PE as an inpatient are included.

Eligible cases were identified from the hospital central record system (using ICD10 codes). Up to 6 cases per hospital have been selected for review.

#### CPD accreditation:

Consultants who complete NCEPOD questionnaires make a valuable contribution to the investigation of patient care. It also provides an opportunity for consultants to review their clinical management and undertake a period of personal reflection. These activities have a continuing medical and professional development value for individual consultants. Consequently, NCEPOD recommends that consultants who complete NCEPOD questionnaires keep a record of this activity which can be included as evidence of internal/self directed Continuous Professional Development in their appraisal portfolio.

#### How to complete the form:

Information will be collected using two methods; box cross and free text, where your opinion will be requested.

This form will be electronically scanned. Please use a black or blue pen. Please complete all questions with either block capitals or a bold cross inside the boxes provided e.g.

Was a treatment escalation decision made?

Yes  No

If you make a mistake, please "black-out" the incorrect box and re-enter the correct information, e.g.

Yes  No

#### Questions or help?

If you have any queries about this study or this questionnaire, please contact:

pulmonaryembolism@ncepod.org.uk or telephone: 020 7251 9060

Further details available on our study web page: <http://www.ncepod.org.uk/pe.html>

Thank you for taking the time to complete this questionnaire. The findings of the study will be published in summer 2019.

**If you would like email confirmation of the completion of this questionnaire and a certificate at the end of the study, please clearly supply your name, job title and email address below.**

I agree to NCEPOD holding my details for the purposes of the study and until the end of the study

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

email address \_\_\_\_\_

Job title: \_\_\_\_\_

NCEPOD number:

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## DEFINITIONS

<b>AMB score</b>	FACTORS: Female sex, Age<80years, Has access to personal/public transport, IV treatment NOT anticipated by referring doctor, NOT acutely confused, MEWS score = 0, NOT discharged from hospital within previous 30 days.	If a factor is applicable to the patient they score 1 point. The maximum score is 7. If the patient has a high score then ambulatory care should be considered
<b>Ambulatory Emergency Care (AEC)</b>	Ambulatory Emergency Care (AEC) is defined by the AEC Network as the provision of same day emergency care for patients being considered for emergency admission. Ambulatory Emergency Care services can also facilitate early supported discharge by offering the option of early clinical review, follow up diagnostics and patient reassurance. However this should not be the main focus of the service.	
<b>Levels of ward care</b>	<p>LEVEL 0: Patients whose needs can be met through normal ward care in an acute hospital.</p> <p>LEVEL 1: Patients at risk of their condition deteriorating, or those recently relocated from higher levels of care whose needs can be met on an acute ward with additional advice and support from the critical care team.</p> <p>LEVEL 2: (e.g. HDU) Patients requiring more detailed observation or intervention including support for a single failing organ system or post operative care, and those stepping down from higher levels of care. (NB: When Basic Respiratory and Basic Cardiovascular support are provided at the same time during the same critical care spell and no other organ support is required, the care is considered to be Level 2 care).</p> <p>LEVEL 3: (e.g. ICU) Patients requiring advanced respiratory support alone or basic respiratory support together with support of at least two organs. This level includes all complex patients requiring support for multi-organ failure. (NB: Basic Respiratory and Basic Cardiovascular do not count as 2 organs if they occur simultaneously (see above under Level 2 care), but will count as Level 3 if another organ is supported at the same time).</p>	
<b>Rockwood clinical frailty scale</b>	<p>1 VERY FIT - people who are robust, active, energetic, and motivated. These people commonly exercise regularly. They are among the fittest for their age.</p> <p>2 WELL - people who have no active disease symptoms but are less than fit than category 1. Often, they exercise or are very active occasionally, e.g. seasonally.</p> <p>3 MANAGING WELL - people whose medical problems are well controlled, but are not regularly active beyond routine walking.</p> <p>4 VULNERABLE - while not dependent on others for daily help, often symptoms limit activities. A common complaint it being 'slowed up', and/or being tired during the day.</p> <p>5 MILDLY FRAIL - these people often have more evident slowing, and need help in high order IADLs (finances, transportation, heavy housework, medications). Typically, mild frailty progressively impairs shopping and walking outside alone, meal preparation and housework.</p> <p>6 MODERATELY FRAIL - people need help with all outside activities and with keeping house. Inside, they often have problems with stairs and need help with bathing and might need minimal assistance (cuing, standby) with dressing.</p> <p>7 SEVERELY FRAIL - completely dependent for personal care from whatever cause (physical or cognitive). Even so, they seem stable and not at high risk of dying (within 6 months of life).</p> <p>8 VERY SEVERELY FRAIL - completely dependent, approaching the end of life. Typically they could not recover even from a minor illness.</p> <p>9 TERMINALLY ILL - approaching the end of life. This category applies to people with a life expectancy &lt;6 months, who are not otherwise evidently frail.</p>	

### Pulmonary Embolism Severity Index (PESI)

Predictors	Score	Low risk
Age	Years	(≤ 65 class I, 66-85, class II)
Male sex	+10	Mortality 1.9%
Cancer	+30	
Heart failure	+10	Intermediate risk
COPD	+10	(86-105 class III, 106-125 class IV)
HR ≥ 110 bpm	+20	
SBP < mmHg	+30	Mortality 18.4%
RR > 30 breath per minute	+20	High risk
BT < 36C	+20	(>125 class V)
Delirium	+60	
SaO2 <90%	+20	

### Two-level PE Wells Score

Criterion	Score	Clinical Probability simplified scores
Clinical signs or symptoms of DVT	3	
Alternative diagnosis less likely than PE	3	PE likely - > 4 PE unlikely - ≤ 4
Heart rate > 100 beats per minute	1.5	
Immobilization (>3 days) or surgery in last 4 weeks	1.5	
Previous history of DVT or PE	1.5	
Hemoptysis	1	
Active cancer within the last 6 months	1	

## CODES FOR GRADE

01 – Consultant	06 – Basic grade (FY1/ FY2 or equivalent)
02 – Staff grade/Associate specialist	07 – Specialist nurse (nurse consultant, nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist)
03 – Trainee with CCT	08 – Senior staff nurse, enrolled nurse
04 – Senior specialist trainee (ST3+ or equivalent)	10 – Non-registered staff (HCA etc.)
05 – Junior specialist trainee (ST1&ST2 or CT equivalent)	





**A. Case summary - all patients**

1a. What type of PE presentation was this?

A patient who presented to hospital with symptoms of PE

A patient who developed PE during the current hospital stay

1b. If the patient presented to hospital with symptoms of PE how were they managed?

As an inpatient  On an Ambulatory care pathway (see definitions)

Other (please describe)

1c. Please use the box below to provide a brief summary of this case, adding any additional comments or information you feel relevant.

**Please give as much information as possible about the care of this patient.**





**B. Patient details - all patients**

2. Age at presentation to hospital:    years    3. Gender     Male     Female     Transgender

4a. Weight at presentation to hospital:    kg     Not recorded    4b. Height:    cm     Not recorded

4c. BMI at time of presentation to hospital   .       Not recorded

5. Please indicate the patient's documented known co-morbidities/risk factors for VTE at the time of presentation/admission to hospital

- |  |   |   |
|--|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Personal history of VTE (please provide details in Q8)            | <input type="checkbox"/> Recent hospitalisation (within 6 weeks of this presentation) | <input type="checkbox"/> Chronic liver disease/ Cirrhosis                 |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Factor V Leiden   | <input type="checkbox"/> Major surgery within 12 weeks of this presentation           | <input type="checkbox"/> Diabetes mellitus                                |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Antiphospholipid syndrome   | <input type="checkbox"/> Pregnancy/puerperium (6 weeks post-partum)                   | <input type="checkbox"/> Chronic kidney disease                           |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Heparin induced thrombocytopenia                                  | <input type="checkbox"/> Paresis or paralysis   | <input type="checkbox"/> Heart failure                                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other hypercoagulable states (please specify below)               | <input type="checkbox"/> Family history of VTE  | <input type="checkbox"/> Chronic lung disease                             |
| <input type="text"/>   | <input type="checkbox"/> Nursing/care home resident                                   | <input type="checkbox"/> Auto-immune disorder(s)                          |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Active cancer (treatment ongoing, within 6 months, or palliative) | <input type="checkbox"/> Obesity (BMI > 30)   | <input type="checkbox"/> Chronic inflammatory disease(s)                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Trauma or fracture  | <input type="checkbox"/> Oestrogen therapy  | <input type="checkbox"/> Bedridden for 3 days or more in the last 4 weeks |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Orthopaedic limb immobilisation                                   | <input type="checkbox"/> Central line or pacemaker placement                          | <input type="checkbox"/> IV drug abuse                                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Travel/immobility for longer than 4 hours                         | <input type="checkbox"/> Other (please specify)                                       | <input type="text"/>  |

6a. Was the patient's mental health considered on presentation?     Yes     No     Unknown

6b. Did the patient have a known or newly diagnosed mental health condition?     Yes known     Yes newly diagnosed  
 No     Unknown

6c. If Yes what condition?

7. Rockwood clinical frailty scale score at presentation (see definitions on page 2) - please estimate from your review of the casenotes:

- 1 - Very fit     2 - Well     3 - Managing well     4 - Vulnerable     5 - Mildly frail  
 6 - Moderately frail     7 - Severely frail     8 - Very severely frail     9 - Terminally ill

8a. Had the patient had a previous diagnosis of VTE?     Yes     No (go to Q9)     Unknown

8b. If Yes was this a:     DVT     PE     Other (please specify)





8c. If Yes to 8a how long prior to the current episode did the last diagnosis for VTE occur?  < 3 months  3-6 months  6-12 months  
 > 12 months  Unknown

8d. On how many previous occasions to this episode had the patient been diagnosed with VTE?    Unknown

8e. Was the last episode of PE  Provoked  Unprovoked  Not recorded

9a. Was the patient on prophylactic or therapeutic anticoagulation when they developed the current episode of PE?  Prophylactic  Therapeutic  
 Neither  Unknown

9b. If Yes, in your opinion was the drug and dosing correct?  Yes  No  Unknown

9c. If No to 9b, please expand on your answer

9d. If the patient wasn't on prophylactic or therapeutic anticoagulation, in your opinion should they have been?  Yes prophylactic  Yes therapeutic  
 No  Unknown

9e. Is there evidence that the patient was non compliant with medication?  Yes  No  Unknown  
 Not applicable

10a. For this presentation when did the patient first notice symptoms of PE?

Date unknown     24 hr clock  Time unknown  
 d d m m y y y y h h m m

Not applicable - patient developed PE as an inpatient **(please go to section C)**

10b. If the date is unknown please approximate the duration of the patient's symptoms  weeks  days  hours

11a. Prior to this hospital attendance, did the patient contact/engage with healthcare services relating to this episode of PE.  Yes  No

Not applicable patient developed PE as an inpatient **(please go to section C)**

11b. If Yes which services (please mark all that apply)?

- GP  111 / NHS 24 services
- Urgent Care Centre  Community nurse
- DVT clinic/ service at this hospital  Other out-of-hours services
- DVT clinic/ service at another hospital  Emergency department of another hospital
- Emergency department at this hospital  Other (please specify)

12a. In your opinion, was there an avoidable delay in presentation to hospital?  Yes  No  Unknown

12b. If yes, how long was the delay?  weeks  days  hours

12c. What was the reason for the delay?  Patient factors  Health care provider factors

Other (please specify)



**C. Presentation to hospital - all patients**

13a. Time/date of arrival to hospital:   24 hr clock  Time not recorded        
h h m m d d m m y y y y

13b. Was this episode/admission  Non-elective  Elective (please go to section Diii)

13c. If Non-elective, did the patient arrive by ambulance?  Yes  No

13d. Mode of presentation (please select all that apply)?

- Self referral
- Referred by radiology
- Directly seen in ambulatory care unit / area / service
- GP referral
- Referred from outpatient clinic
- Other (please specify):

14a. Where was the patient first assessed?

- Emergency department (ED) - Resuscitation
- ED Majors
- ED other area/area unknown
- Acute medical unit
- Ambulatory care centre / unit (see definitions)
- Ambulatory care pathway but on the ward
- Other (please specify)

14b. Was the patient treated on an ambulatory care pathway? (for the entire or some part of this episode of PE)  Yes  No  No ambulatory care pathway available

14c. If No, In your opinion should they have been?  Yes  No

14d. If Yes to 14c please expand on your answer?

**Di). Ambulatory care patients (including patients who were later admitted)**

15a. What time/date was the patient first assessed by a clinician for this episode of care, prior to being placed on the Ambulatory pathway (this could be the patients GP, triage nurse etc)?

Time   24 hr clock  Time unknown Date        
h h m m d d m m y y y y

15b. When was the patient referred to ambulatory care?

Time   24 hr clock  Time unknown Date        
h h m m d d m m y y y y

15c. When was the patient accepted by ambulatory care?

Time   24 hr clock  Time unknown Date        
h h m m d d m m y y y y

15d. Grade and speciality of the person who made the decision to accept this patient for ambulatory care:

Grade: (see definitions)  Speciality:   Not documented

15e. Time/date patient arrived in ambulatory care area/unit

24 hr clock  Time unknown Date        
h h m m d d m m y y y y

16a. Were any formal criteria for ambulatory referral documented?  Yes  No  Unknown

16b. If Yes, what criteria were used to select this patient for ambulatory care?

- AMB score (see definitions)
- NEWS score
- Temperature
- Oxygen saturation
- Blood pressure
- Pulse/heart rate
- Respiratory rate
- Other
- Clinical, please specify





17a. Was an early warning score (eg. NEWS) documented when the patient arrived in the ambulatory area/unit?  Yes  No  Unknown

17b. If Yes, what was the score and when was it recorded?

Type of early warning score  Score

17c. Time and date early warning score recorded?

Time   24 hr clock  Time unknown Date        
 h h m m d d m m y y y y

18a. When was the first clinical assessment performed in the ambulatory care area/unit?

Time   24 hr clock  Time unknown Date        
 h h m m d d m m y y y y

18b. Grade and specialty of the person performing this assessment (see definitions) Grade:  Specialty:   Not documented

18c. Was PE suspected/identified during clerking?  N/A already identified in ED  Yes  No

**Dii). Patients presenting to hospital with symptoms of PE that were managed as an inpatient. This includes patients that were initially managed on an ambulatory care pathway**

19a. What was the time/date that the patient was formally admitted to hospital?

Time   24 hr clock  Time unknown Date        
 h h m m d d m m y y y y

19c. Where was the patient first admitted?

- Clinical Decision / Observation unit
- Acute assessment unit (eg AMU)
- Medical ward
- Surgical ward
- Level 2 (HDU)
- Level 3 (ICU)
- Other (please specify)

20a. Time/date of initial clerking:

Time   24 hr clock  Time unknown Date        
 h h m m d d m m y y y y

20b. Grade and specialty of doctor performing initial clerking (see definitions) Grade:  Specialty:   Not documented

20c. Was PE suspected/identified for the first time during clerking?  Yes  No

20d. If No, please select all that apply?

- Suspected by GP/ ED/ other
- Diagnostic tests sent by GP/ED/other
- Confirmed by GP/ED/other
- Confirmatory test was CTPA/VQ/other
- Other (please specify)





**Diii). Patients that developed PE as an inpatient**

**21a.** If the patient developed symptoms of PE as an inpatient, what was the original reason for their admission?

**21b.** Is there evidence in the notes that the patient was assessed for VTE risk at admission  Yes  No

**21c.** If Yes to 21b, what decision was made?

- |   |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> No thromboprophylaxis required | <input type="checkbox"/> Anti-embolic stockings | <input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent Pneumatic Compression                 | <input type="checkbox"/> Aspirin                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> LMWH                           | <input type="checkbox"/> Apixaban               | <input type="checkbox"/> Dabigatran etexilate                               | <input type="checkbox"/> Fondaparinux sodium        |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Rivaroxaban                    | <input type="checkbox"/> IVC filter permanent   | <input type="checkbox"/> IVC filter inserted for this admission (temporary) | <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="text"/> |

**21d.** Was this plan implemented?  Yes  No  Unknown

**21e.** If No to 21d, what method of thromboprophylaxis was provided?

- |                                      |   |   |   |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> None        | <input type="checkbox"/> Anti-embolic stockings | <input type="checkbox"/> Intermittent Pneumatic Compression                 | <input type="checkbox"/> Aspirin                    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> LMWH        | <input type="checkbox"/> Apixaban               | <input type="checkbox"/> Dabigatran etexilate                               | <input type="checkbox"/> Fondaparinux sodium        |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Rivaroxaban | <input type="checkbox"/> IVC filter permanent   | <input type="checkbox"/> IVC filter inserted for this admission (temporary) | <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="text"/> |

**21f.** Was there an avoidable delay in starting thromboprophylaxis?  Yes  No  Not applicable

**21g.** If Yes please expand on your answer?

**22a.** When was PE first suspected   24 hr clock  Time unknown     
h h m m d d m m y y y y

**22b.** In your opinion was there a delay in recognising the patient had symptoms of PE?  Yes  No  Unknown

**22c.** If Yes please give a reason for your answer?

**22d.** How long was the delay?  hours

**22e.** In your opinion was the delay avoidable?  Yes  No

**22f.** In your opinion did the delay have an adverse impact on outcome?  Yes  No

**23a.** What type of ward was the patient on when PE symptoms were suspected?  Medical  Surgical  Critical care  Other (please specify)

**23b.** What type of ward was the patient transferred to after PE was diagnosed?  Medical  Surgical  Critical care  Not transferred  Other (please specify)

**23c.** If the patient was transferred, who made the decision?

- Ward team  VTE team  Haematologist  Respiratory physician

Other (please specify)







23d. Which team managed the patient when PE was suspected?

- Medical     Surgical (orthopaedics)     Surgical (non orthopaedics)     Obs & gynae     Oncology  
 VTE     Critical care     Critical care outreach     Other (please specify)

**E. Assessment, investigations and treatments - all patients**

24a. What were the first set of observations recorded when PE was suspected?

- Respiratory rate   Not documented    Heart rate   Not documented  
 GCS or AVPU   Not documented    SpO2   Not documented  
 BP  /   Not documented    Temperature  .   Not documented

24b. What were the clinical symptoms when PE was suspected (please mark all that apply)?

- Chest pain     Shortness of breath     Haemoptysis     Syncope / fainting     Cough  
 Panic attack / anxiety     Leg pain and/or swelling     Arm pain and/or swelling     Other (please specify)

24c. Is there evidence that the hospital's alert system for new PE was used?     Yes     No     Not applicable     Unknown

25a. Was a clinical probability score for PE calculated?     Yes     No     Unknown

25b. If Yes, which score was used?

- Modified Wells Score     Simplified Revised Geneva Score     Two level PE Wells Score  
 Revised Geneva Score     Pulmonary Embolism Rule Out Criteria     Other (please specify)

25c. If Yes to 25a, what score was documented in the notes?  .

26a. In your opinion was there a delay in recognising the patient had symptoms of PE?     Yes     No     Unknown

26b. If Yes what were the reasons for delay?

26c. If Yes to 26a how long was the delay?  hours

27a. Which of the following 'initial' investigations were carried out when PE was suspected?

- dDimer     Clotting screen     Troponin     Blood gases     ECG  
 CXR     U+Es     FBC     Point of care US / Echocardiogram     BNP/ NT-proBNP  
 Other (please specify)

27b. In your opinion were any initial investigations that should have been undertaken omitted?     Yes     No     Unknown

27c. If Yes, which?

- dDimer     Clotting screen     Troponin     Blood gases     ECG  
 CXR     U+Es     FBC     Point of care US / Echocardiogram     BNP/ NT-proBNP  
 Other (please specify)



**28a.** Which of the following investigations were undertaken (these may have occurred prior to the patients attendance/admission or after their discharge)?

Investigation  
(please tick all that apply)

CTPA

Date and time requested

d d m m y y

24 hr clock

h h m m

Date and time agreed

d d m m y y

24 hr clock

h h m m

Date and time done

d d m m y y

24 hr clock

h h m m

Date and time reported

d d m m y y

24 hr clock

h h m m

VQ/SPECT

d d m m y y

24 hr clock

h h m m

d d m m y y

24 hr clock

h h m m

d d m m y y

24 hr clock

h h m m

d d m m y y

24 hr clock

h h m m

Ultrasound of the lower and/or upper limb veins

lower  upper

d d m m y y

24 hr clock

h h m m

d d m m y y

24 hr clock

h h m m

d d m m y y

24 hr clock

h h m m

d d m m y y

24 hr clock

h h m m

Other (please specify)

d d m m y y

24 hr clock

h h m m

d d m m y y

24 hr clock

h h m m

d d m m y y

24 hr clock

h h m m

d d m m y y

24 hr clock

h h m m

Other (please specify)

d d m m y y

24 hr clock

h h m m

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24 hr clock

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d d m m y y

24 hr clock

h h m m

d d m m y y

24 hr clock

h h m m





**28b.** In your opinion were any investigations that should have been undertaken omitted?  Yes  No  Unknown

**28c.** If Yes, which?  CTPA  VQ/SPECT  Ultrasound of the lower limb veins  Formal Transthoracic Echocardiogram  
 MRI/MRV  Transoesophageal echocardiogram  Focused Echocardiogram  Other

**29a.** In your opinion were there any delays to carrying out any investigations once PE was suspected?  Yes  No  Unknown

**29b.** If Yes how long was the delay?   days   hours

**29c.** If Yes please expand:

**30.** If the patient had a CTPA did the formal / final report describe:

a) the site of thrombus  Central  Lobar  Segmental  Subsegmental  
 Not specified  Other (please specify)

b) the size of thrombus  Large  Moderate  Small  Not quantified  
 Other (please specify)

c) evidence of right heart strain  Yes  No  No comment made

d) Other findings  Malignancy or metastatic disease  Pulmonary infarction  Infection  Chronic lung disease  
 Other (please specify)

**31a.** Were any patient risk factors for bleeding documented before commencing treatment?  Yes  No

**31b.** If Yes what was documented?

**32.** Which of the following acute treatments did the patient receive and when was the first dose given?

LMWH   24 hr clock  Time unknown

h h m m d d m m y y y y

Fondaparinux   24 hr clock  Time unknown

h h m m d d m m y y y y

IV unfractionated heparin (UFH)   24 hr clock  Time unknown

h h m m d d m m y y y y

Warfarin   24 hr clock  Time unknown

h h m m d d m m y y y y

Oral anti-coagulant (please specify)   24 hr clock  Time unknown

h h m m d d m m y y y y

Supplemental oxygen    24 hr clock  Time unknown

highest % h h m m d d m m y y y y

Inotropes   24 hr clock  Time unknown

h h m m d d m m y y y y





**33a.** In your opinion, were the correct treatments prescribed to this patient?  Yes  No  Unknown

**33b.** In your opinion were there any avoidable delays to commencing any of the treatments?  Yes  No  Unknown

**33c.** If Yes how long was the delay?

**33d.** Was the patient involved in the treatment decision?  Yes  No  Unknown

**34a.** If imaging to diagnose PE was scheduled for a later date/time (eg. the next working day), what plan was made for the interim period (please select all that apply)

Start anticoagulant therapy (details provided on previous page)  If on ambulatory care pathway, patient admitted to hospital  Patient was discharged with plan to re-attend at time of confirmatory scan

Information leaflet given  Safety-net advice given  NA - scanned same day

Other (please specify)

**34b.** If an ambulatory care patient was discharged with a plan to re-attend at the time of a confirmatory scan, who made this decision?

Grade of most senior Doctor (see definitions)

If not a Doctor (please specify)

**34c.** How was the decision to admit or discharge the patient made?

Clinical assessment  Pulmonary Embolism Severity Index (PESI) score   simplified PESI score

Hestia criteria  NEWS score

Other (please specify)   Unknown/Not documented

**35.** Observations at the time PE was confirmed

Respiratory rate   Not documented Heart rate   Not documented

GCS or AVPU   Not documented SpO2   Not documented

BP  /   Not documented Temperature   Not documented

**36a.** Was there an assessment of severity of PE?  Yes  No  Unknown

**36b.** If Yes what?  PESI score  Simplified PESI score  APACHE-II

euroSCORE II  Glasgow Coma Scale  Other (please specify)

**36c.** If Yes what was the severity score

**36d.** If Yes when was the score calculated  before confirmation of diagnosis and/or  after confirmation of diagnosis

**37a.** Were other methods of assessing severity of PE used?  Yes  No  Unknown

**37b.** If Yes what?



**F. Escalation**

Please answer the following questions if this patient was admitted to hospital, even if they were initially on an ambulatory care pathway. If the patient was not admitted please go to section G

38a. Was a treatment escalation decision made?  Yes  No  Unknown

38b. If Yes, what was the date and time of this decision?

Date unknown  Time unknown  
        24 hr clock  
d d m m y y y y h h m m

38c. Please indicate what escalation decisions were made:

- For CPR  Not for CPR
- For invasive ventilation  Not for invasive ventilation
- For critical care referral  Not for critical care referral
- For Renal Replacement Therapy  Not for Renal Replacement Therapy
- For vasopressor support  Not for vasopressor support
- For systemic thrombolysis  Not for systemic thrombolysis
- For catheter directed thrombolysis  Not for catheter directed thrombolysis
- For surgical thrombectomy  Not for surgical thrombectomy
- For IVC filter  Not for IVC filter

39a. Was escalation of treatment discussed with the patient?  Yes  No  Unknown

39b. If not discussed, was the reason for this documented?  Yes  No

39c. If not discussed, was this due to the patient's medical condition?  Yes  No

39d. Was treatment escalation discussed with the patient's family or next of kin?  Yes  No  Unknown

40a. Was the patient referred for:  Level 2/3 admission  Specialist procedure  
 Escalation of care to another hospital  Other   None of the above

40b. If Referred, in your opinion was this timely?  Yes  No  Unknown

40c. If the patient wasn't referred for any of the above, in your opinion, should they have been?  Yes  No

40d. If Yes, please expand on your answer

41a. Was the patient admitted to:  Level 3  Level 2  Mixed Level 2/3  
 Transferred to another hospital  Not admitted

41b. If Yes, please provide the date and time of this level 2/3 admission: (if the patient had more than one admission to level 2/3 please put the date of the first admission)

Date unknown  Time unknown  
        24 hr clock  
d d m m y y y y h h m m

42a. In your opinion was the transfer to level 2/3 care timely?  Yes  No  NA not admitted

42b. If No what caused the delay?  Bed availability  Delayed recognition

Other (please specify)





42c. If the patient was not admitted to level 2/3, in your opinion, should the patient have been?  Yes  No

42d. If Yes, please expand on your answer:

**If the patient was not admitted to level 2/3 care please go to section G**

43. Which interventions/monitoring did the patient receive in the level 2/3 ward? (If the patient had more than one admission to a level 2/3 ward please answer the question for the first admission)

- Respiratory  Cardiovascular support  
 CPAP  NIV  High flow oxygen  Invasive ventilation  IABP  ECMO  Vasopressors  Inotropes  Mechanical support  
 Renal Replacement Therapy  Cardiac output monitoring  Other   
 haemodialysis  haemofiltration

44a. What was the outcome of the level 2/3 stay / interhospital transfer?  Discharged to ward  Discharged from hospital  Died

44b. For patients discharged to a ward, what was the date/time of discharge?

Date unknown     24 hr clock  Time unknown  
 d d m m y y y y h h m m

44c. Was the patient readmitted to a level 2/3 ward?  Yes  No

44d. If Yes why was the patient readmitted to a level 2/3 ward?

**G. Further treatment and intervention - all patients**

45a. Was the anticoagulation plan changed after the first dose was administered?  Yes  No  Unknown

45b. If Yes what was prescribed?

- LMWH  Fondaparinux  Oral anti-coagulant (please specify below)  
 IV unfractionated heparin (UFH)  Warfarin

45c. What was the reason for the change in treatment?  Planned switch to oral therapy  Adverse effects (please specify)   
 Clinical deterioration  Other (please specify)

46a. Were additional interventions undertaken?  Yes  No

46b. If No, in your opinion should they have been?  Yes  No

46c. If Yes to 46b why do you think further intervention should have been undertaken ?

- Shock/hypotension  Hypoxia  Right heart strain  Prevent further PE  
 Residual DVT  High risk for anticoagulation  Contraindication for anticoagulation  Other (please specify)

46d. If Yes to 46b what intervention(s) should have been undertaken ?

- Systemic (intravenous) thrombolysis  Catheter directed local thrombolysis  Catheter directed mechanical clot clearance  Surgical thrombectomy  
 IVC filter  Other (please specify)





**46e.** Why do you think the intervention was not undertaken?

Not available at this hospital     Not available out of hours     Procedure wasn't considered

Other (please specify)

**47a.** Which of the following interventions were undertaken?

Systemic (intravenous) thrombolysis - go to Q47b     Catheter directed local thrombolysis - go to Q47b     Catheter directed mechanical clot clearance - go to Q47b

Surgical thrombectomy - go to Q47b     IVC Filter Insertion - go to Q51a     **No further interventions - please go to section H**

Other intervention (please specify) - go to Q47b

**47b.** Was the reason for this intervention documented?     Yes     No

**47c.** If Yes what was the reason (answers may be multiple)?

Shock/hypotension     Hypoxia     Right heart strain     Other (please specify)

**48.** Was an appropriate consent form with details of risk and benefits completed and signed?     Yes     No

**49.** Was an inter-hospital transfer required to deliver this treatment?     Yes     No

**50a.** Did the treatment improve their condition?     Yes     No

**50b.** Did the patient suffer any complications?     Yes     No

**50c.** If Yes what?

**50d.** In Your opinion were any of the complications avoidable?     Yes     No     Not applicable

**50e.** In Your opinion were the complications managed appropriately?     Yes     No     Not applicable

**IVC filter insertion - please complete questions 51 - 59 if the patient had an IVC filter inserted**

**51a.** Was the reason for IVC filter insertion documented?     Yes     No

**51b.** If Yes what was the reason (answers may be multiple)?

Prevent further PE     Residual DVT     High risk for anticoagulation     Contraindication for anticoagulation

Recurrent PE whilst anticoagulated     Requires surgery     Poor anticoagulation compliance

Other (please specify)

**51c.** If the patient received a pre-operative IVC filter, what surgery did they have?

**51d.** When was full therapeutic anticoagulation started after surgery?      days post surgery

**52.** Was an appropriate consent form with details of risks and benefits for IVC filter insertion completed and signed?     Yes     No





53. Was an inter-hospital transfer required to deliver this treatment?  Yes  No

54a. When was the filter inserted?        
 d d m m y y y y

54b. Did the patient suffer any complications of filter insertion?  Yes  No

56b. If Yes what?

56a. Was the IVC filter planned to be  Permanent or  Temporary

56b. If permanent what was reason for this?

56c. If permanent was follow up booked?  Yes  No

57a. If the filter was planned to be temporary, was a retrieval date booked at the time of insertion?  Yes  No

57b. If Yes what date was retrieval booked for?        
 d d m m y y y y

57c. Was the filter retrieved?  Yes  No

57d. If Yes when was the filter retrieved?        
 d d m m y y y y

58a. Did the patient suffer any complications?  Yes  No

58b. If Yes what?

59. If the filter was not retrieved what was the reason for this?

- Clot in filter       Retrieval attempted but failed       Clinical deterioration  
 Decision changed to permanent filter       Other

**H. Discharge and follow up - all patients**

60a. What was the date of discharge or death?        
 d d m m y y y y

60b. What was the discharge location?  
 Discharged to usual place of residence       **Not applicable, patient died during this admission (please go to section I)**  
 Discharged to another hospital       Other

61a. What anti-coagulant medication and dose of medication was this patient discharged on?  
 LMWH        Warfarin        DOAC   
 Other (please specify)        None       Unknown

61b. What was the duration of anti-coagulant prescription – (in days)

61c. In your opinion was this adequate?  Yes  No

62. Did the patient receive written information about PE at discharge?  Yes  No  Unknown







63a. Was follow up arranged for the patient?  Yes  No

63b. If Yes when was the first follow up arranged for?        
 d d m m y y y y

63c. Which specialties were involved in follow up?

- Haematology  Respiratory  Critical care  Acute medicine  Cardiology  
 Anticoagulation clinic  Vascular surgery  Other (please specify)

64a. Was risk of thrombophilia assessed during this follow up?  Yes  No

64b. If No why was risk of thrombophilia not assessed?

65a. Was a further appointment arranged for this patient at 3 months?  Yes  No

65b. If Yes which specialties were involved?

- Haematology  Respiratory  Critical care  Acute medicine  
 Anticoagulation clinic  Cardiology  Vascular surgery  Other (please specify)

66. Was a decision made about the duration of anticoagulation?  Yes  No  Unknown

67a. Was the patient readmitted to hospital within 6 months of discharge?  Yes  No  Unknown

67b. If Yes was this a complication of PE?  Yes  No  Unknown

67c. If Yes please provide details (date readmitted, duration and compliation)?

duration (days)   complication   
 d d m m y y y y

duration (days)   complication   
 d d m m y y y y

**I. Death - please complete this section if the patient died during this hospital attendance**

68a. Speciality of consultant responsible at time of death

68b. Was death anticipated?  Yes  No  Not documented

69a. Was treatment withdrawn?  Yes  No  Not documented

69b. If Yes, was treatment withdrawal discussed with (please select all that apply):

- Patient  Relatives  Consultant physician

69c. If not discussed, please provide reasons:





70. Was the patient referred to / discussed with the palliative care team?  Yes  No  Not documented

71. Was CPR attempted?  Yes  No

72. What level ward was the patient on when they died (see page 2 for definitions)?

Level 0  Level 1  Level 2  Level 3  Not documented

73. What was the cause of death recorded as?

1a)

1b)

1c)

2)

74a. Was this case reported to the coroner/procurator fiscal?  Yes  No  Unknown

74b. Was a hospital or coronial/fiscal autopsy performed?  Yes  No  Unknown

**J. Audit and review - please complete this section for all patients**

75a. Was the patient discussed at a M & M meeting?  Yes  No  Not applicable

75b. If Yes, were remediable factors in the care of this patient identified?  Yes  No

75c. If Yes, what were the remediable factors and what action was taken?

76a. If the patient was not discussed at an M & M meeting, having now reviewed the case, in your opinion were there lessons to be learned?  Yes  No  Not documented

76b. If Yes, please describe these:

77. Was the patient included in a hospital related VTE review program?  Yes  No  Not applicable

**Thank you for completing this questionnaire**

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