

## **Pulmonary Embolism**

National Confidential Enquiry into Patient Outcome and Death (NCEPOD)

CLINICIAN QU	ESTIONNAIRE							
CONFID	CONFIDENTIAL							
DETAILS OF THE CLINICIAN COMPLETING THIS QUESTIONNAIRE								
Grade:	Specialty:							
What is this study about?	How to complete the form:							
The aim is to explore the overall management of patients diagnosed with pulmonary embolism and to look for remediable factors in the care of these patients.  Inclusions  Patients aged 16 or over who were diagnosed (in any position) with pulmonary embolism (ICD10 codes 126.0 and 126.0) between 1st July 2017 and	Information will be collected using two methods; box cross and free text, where your opinion will be requested.  This form will be electronically scanned. Please use a black or blue pen. Please complete all questions with either block capitals or a bold cross inside the boxes provided e.g.							
codes I26.0 and I26.9) between 1st July 2017 and 31st August 2017 inclusive. Patients that present with symptoms of a pulmonary embolism and those that develop PE as an inpatient are included.	Was a treatment escalation decision made?  ☑ Yes ☐ No							
Eligible cases were identified from the hospital central record system (using ICD10 codes). Up to 6 cases per hospital have been selected for review.	If you make a mistake, please "black-out" the incorrect box and re-enter the correct information, e.g.							
	Yes X No							
CPD accreditation:	Questions or help?							
Consultants who complete NCEPOD questionnaires make a valuable contribution to the investigation of patient care. It also provides an opportunity for consultants to review their clinical management and undertake a period of personal reflection. These activities have a continuing	If you have any queries about this study or this questionnaire, please contact: pulmonaryembolism@ncepod.org.uk or telephone 020 7251 9060  Further details available on our study web page:							
medical and professional development value for	http://www.ncepod.org.uk/pe.html							
individual consultants. Consequently, NCEPOD recommends that consultants who complete NCEPOD questionnaires keep a record of this activity which can be included as evidence of internal/self directed Continuous Professional Development in their appraisal portfolio.	Thank you for taking the time to complete this questionnaire. The findings of the study will be published in summer 2019.							
If you would like email confirmation of the completion of this questionnaire and a certificate at the end of the study, please clearly supply your name, job title and email address below.								
☐ I agree to NCEPOD holding my details for the	purposes of the study and until the end of the study							
Name:	email address							
Job title:								

**NCEPOD** number:

#### DEFINITIONS

#### AMB score

FACTORS: Female sex, Age<80years, Has access to personal/public transport, IV treatment NOT anticipated by referring doctor, NOT acutely confused, MEWS score = 0, NOT discharged from hospital within previous 30 days.

If a factor is applicable to the patient they score 1 point. The maximum score is 7. If the patient has a high score then ambulatory care should be considered

#### Ambulatory Emergency Care (AEC)

Ambulatory Emergency Care (AEC) is defined by the AEC Network as the provision of same day emergency care for patients being considered for emergency admission. Ambulatory Emergency Care services can also facilitate early supported discharge by offering the option of early clinical review, follow up diagnostics and patient reassurance. However this should not be the main focus of the service.

## Levels of ward care

LEVEL 0: Patients whose needs can be met through normal ward care in an acute hospital.

LEVEL 1: Patients at risk of their condition deteriorating, or those recently relocated from higher levels of care whose needs can be met on an acute ward with additional advice and support from the critical care team.

LEVEL 2: (e.g. HDU) Patients requiring more detailed observation or intervention including support for a single failing organ system or post operative care, and those stepping down from higher levels of care. (NB: When Basic Respiratory and Basic Cardiovascular support are provided at the same time during the same critical care spell and no other organ support is required, the care is considered to be Level 2 care).

LEVEL 3: (e.g. ICU) Patients requiring advanced respiratory support alone or basic respiratory support together with support of at least two organs. This level includes all complex patients requiring support for multi-organ failure. (NB: Basic Respiratory and Basic Cardiovascular do not count as 2 organs if they occur simultaneously (see above under Level 2 care), but will count as Level 3 if another organ is supported at the same time).

# Rockwood clinical frailty scale

1 VERY FIT - people who are robust, active, energetic, and motivated. These people commonly exercise regularly. They are among the fittest for their age.

2 WELL - people who have no active disease symptoms but are less than fit than category 1. Often, they exercise or are very active occasionally, e.g. seasonally.

3 MANAGING WELL - people whose medical problems are well controlled, but are not regularly active beyond routine walking.

4 VULNERABLE - while not dependent on others for daily help, often symptoms limit activities. A common complaint it being 'slowed up', and/or being tired during the day.

5 MILDLY FRAIL - these people often have more evident slowing, and need help in high order IADLs (finances, transportation, heavy housework, medications). Typically, mild frailty progressively impairs shopping and walking outside alone, meal preparation and housework.

6 MODERATELY FRAIL - people need help with all outside activities and with keeping house. Inside, they often have problems with stairs and need help with bathing and might need minimal assistance (cuing, standby) with dressing. 7 SEVERELY FRAIL - completely dependent for personal care from whatever cause (physical or cognitive). Even so, they seem stable and not at high risk of dying (within 6 months of life).

8 VERY SEVERELY FRAIL - completely dependent, approaching the end of life. Typically they could not recover even from a minor illness.

9 TERMINALLY ILL - approaching the end of life. This category applies to people with a life expectancy <6 months, who are not otherwise evidently frail.

Pulmonary	<b>Emboli</b>	sm Severity Index (PESI)	Two-level PE Wells Score				
Predictors Age	Score Years	Low risk (≤ 65 class I, 66-85, class II	Criterion Clinical signs or symptoms of DVT	Score 3	Clinical Probability simplified scores		
Male sex Cancer Heart failure	+10 +30 +10	Mortality 1.9% Intermediate risk	Alternative diagnosis less likely than PE	3	PE likely - > 4 PE unlikely - ≤ 4		
COPD HR ≥ 110 bpm	+10 +20	(86-105 class III, 106-125 class IV)	Heart rate > 100 beats per minute	1.5			
SBP < mmHg RR > 30 breath	+30	Mortality 18.4%	Immobilization (>3 days) or surgery in last 4 weeks	1.5			
per minute BT < 36C Delirium SaO2 < 90%	+20 +20 +60 +20	High risk (>125 class V)	Previous history of DVT or PE Hemoptysis Active cancer within the last 6 months	1.5 1 1			

### CODES FOR GRADE

01 – Consultant

02 – Staff grade/Associate specialist

03 - Trainee with CCT

04 – Senior specialist trainee (ST3+ or equivalent)

05 – Junior specialist trainee (ST1&ST2 or CT equivalent)

06 – Basic grade (FY1/ FY2 or equivalent)

07 – Specialist nurse (nurse consultant, nurse practitioner, clinical

nurse specialist

08 - Senior staff nurse, enrolled nurse

10 – Non-registered staff (HCA etc.)



A.	Case summary - all patients	
1a.	What type of PE presentation was this?	
	A patient who presented to hospital with symptoms of PE	A patient who developed PE during the current hospital stay
1b.	If the patient presented to hospital with symptom	s of PE how were they managed?
	As an inpatient Don an Ambulatory care pathway (see definitions)	Other (please describe)
1c.	Please use the box below to provide a brief sumi information you feel relevant.	mary of this case, adding any additional comments or
	Please give as much information as possible a	bout the care of this patient.



В.	Patient details - all patients				
2.	Age at presentation to hospital:	ye	ears 3. Gender [	Male	e
4a.	Weight at presentation to hospital	k	g Not recorded 4b	. Height	t: Not recorded
4c.	BMI at time of presentation to ho	spital	. Not	recorded	d
5.	Please indicate the patient's docu presentation/admission to hospita		ed known co-morbidities	s/risk fac	ctors for VTE at the time of
	Personal history of VTE (please provide details in Q8)		Recent hospitalisation (within 6 weeks of this presentation)		Chronic liver disease/ Cirrhosis
	Factor V Leiden		Major surgery within 12 weeks of this presentation	on [	Diabetes mellitus
	Antiphospholipid syndrome		Pregnancy/puerperium weeks post-partum)	(6	Chronic kidney disease
	Heparin induced thrombocytopaenia		Paresis or paralysis		Heart failure
	Other hypercoagulable states (please specify below)		Family history of VTE		Chronic lung disease
			Nursing/care home resid	dent [	Auto-immune disorder(s)
	Active cancer (treatment ongoing, within 6 months, or palliative)		Obesity (BMI > 30)		Chronic inflammatory disease(s)
	Trauma or fracture		Oestrogen therapy		Bedridden for 3 days or more in the last 4 weeks
	Orthopaedic limb immobilisation		Central line or pacemaker placement		☐ IV drug abuse
	Travel/immobility for longer than 4 hours		Other (please specify)		
6a.	Was the patient's mental health of	onside	ered on presentation?	☐ Ye	es No Unknown
6b.	Did the patient have a known or ne health condition?	ewly d	liagnosed mental	☐ Ye	Yes newly diagnosed Unknown
6c.	If Yes what condition?				
7.	Rockwood clinical frailty scale sco your review of the casenotes:	re at p	oresentation (see definit	ions on	page 2) - please estimate from
	1 - Very fit 2 - Well		3 - Managing well	ı 🗆	] 4 - Vulnerable 🔲 5 - Mildly frail
	6 - Moderately frail 7 - Severe	ly frail	8 - Very severely	frail 🗌	9 - Terminally ill
8a.	Had the patient had a previous dia	agnos	is of VTE? Yes		No (go to Q9) Unknown
8b.	If Yes was this a: DVT		PE Other (	(please s	specify)



8c.	If Yes to 8a how long prior to the current episode did the last diagnosis for VTE occur?	<ul><li>&lt; 3 months</li><li>&gt; 12 months</li></ul>		3-6 mo			6-12 months
8d.	On how many previous occasions to this ep patient been diagnosed with VTE?					Unknown	
8e.	Was the last episode of PE	Provoked		Unprov	oked		Not recorded
9a.	Was the patient on prophylactic or therapeu anticoagulation when they developed the cu of PE?			Prophy Neither			Therapeutic Unknown
9b.	If Yes, in your opinion was the drug and dos	ing correct?		Yes	☐ No		Unknown
9c.	If No to 9b, please expand on your answer						
9d.	If the patient wasn't on prophylactic or thera anticoagulation, in your opinion should they	•		Yes prophy	lactic		Yes therapeutic
			Ш	No		Ш	Unknown
9e.	Is there evidence that the patient was non c with medication?	ompliant		Yes Not ap	☐ No plicable		Unknown
10a.	For this presentation when did the patient file	rst notice symptom	ns of	PE?			
	Date u	unknown			24 hr clock		Time unknown
		h		m m	ootion C\		
	Not applicable - patient developed PE a		ase	go to s			
10b.	If the date is unknown please approximate t of the patient's symptoms	ne duration		weeks	day	/S	hours
11a.	Prior to this hospital attendance, did the pat engage with healthcare services relating to	ient contact/ this episode of PE		] Yes	☐ No		
	■ Not applicable patient developed PE as	an inpatient (plea	ase g	jo to se	ction C)		
11b.	If Yes which services (please mark all that a	apply)?					
	] GP	111 / NHS	24 se	ervices			
	Urgent Care Centre	☐ Community	nurs	se			
	DVT clinic/ service at this hospital	Other out-o	f-ho	ırs serv	ices		
	DVT clinic/ service at another hospital	☐ Emergency	dep	artment	of another	r hos	pital
	Emergency department at this hospital	Other (plea	se s	pecify)			
12a.	In your opinion, was there an avoidable dela to hospital?	ay in presentation		☐ Ye	s 🗌 No	o [	Unknown
12b.	If yes, how long was the delay?	weeks d	ays		hours		
12c.	What was the reason for the delay?	Patient factors		□ Не	alth care p	rovio	der factors
		Other (please s	peci	fy)			

C.	Presentation to hospital - all patients
13a.	Time/date of arrival to hospital:  Time not recorded  h h m m m  24 hr clock  Time not recorded  d d m m m y y y y y
13b.	Was this episode/admission Non-elective Elective (please go to section Diii)
13c.	If Non-elective, did the patient arrive by ambulance ?
13d.	Mode of presentation (please select all that apply)?
	Self referral Referred by radiology Directly seen in ambulatory care unit / area / service
	☐ GP referral ☐ Referred from outpatient clinic ☐ Other (please specify): ☐ ☐
14a.	Where was the patient first assessed?
	Emergency department
	Acute medical unit  Ambulatory care centre / Ambulatory care pathway but on the unit (see definitions)  Ambulatory care pathway but on the ward
	Other (please specify)
14b.	Was the patient treated on an ambulatory care pathway?
14c.	If No, In your opinion should they have been?
14d.	If Yes to 14c please expand on your answer?
Di).	. Ambulatory care patients (including patients who were later admitted)
15a.	What time/date was the patient first assessed by a clinician for this episode of care, prior to being placed on the Ambulatory pathway (this could be the patients GP, triage nurse etc)?
	Time Date
15b.	h h m m y y y y When was the patient referred to ambulatory care?
	Time
15c.	h h m m y y y y  When was the patient accepted by ambulatory care?
	Time Date
154	h h m m y y y y Grade and specialty of the person who made the decision to accept this patient for ambulatory care:
100.	Grade: (see definitions)  Specialty:  Not documented
15e.	Time/date patient arrived in ambulatory care area/unit
100.	Time Date
	h h m m unknown d d m m y y y y
16a.	Were any formal criteria for ambulatory referral documented?
16b.	If Yes, what criteria were used to select this patient for ambulatory care?
	AMB score (see definitions)  NEWS score Temperature Oxygen saturation
	Blood pressure
	Clinical, please specify
	6 7 1 1 8 4 9 0 3 6 3 9 2 5

17a.	Was an early warning score (eg. NEWS) documented when the patient arrived in the ambulatory area/unit?
17b.	If Yes, what was the score and when was it recorded?
	Type of early warning score Score
17c.	Time and date early warning score recorded?
	Time 24 hr clock Time unknown Date d d m m y y y y y
18a.	When was the first clinical assessment performed in the ambulatory care area/unit?
	Time 24 hr clock Time unknown Date d d m m y y y y
18b.	Grade and specialty of the person performing this assessment (see definitions)  Grade: Specialty: S
18c.	Was PE suspected/identifed during clerking?    N/A already identified in ED    Yes    No
Dii)	. Patients presenting to hospital with symptoms of PE that were managed as an
inp	atient. This includes patients that were initially managed on an ambulatory care pathway
100	What was the time/date that the patient was formally admitted to hospital?
ısa.	what was the time date that the patient was formally admitted to hospital:
	Time 24 hr clock Time unknown Date
100	h h m m d d m m y y y y  Where was the patient first admitted?
136.	Clinical Decision / Acute accoment —
[	Clinical Decision / Acute assessment
[	Surgical ward Level 2 (HDU) Level 3 (ICU)
[	Other (please specify)
20a.	Time/date of initial clerking:
	Time 24 hr clock Time unknown Date
	hh mm dd mm yyyy
20b	Grade and specialty of doctor performing initial clerking (see definitions)  Grade: Specialty: Mot documented
20c	. Was PE suspected/identifed for the first time
<b>20</b> d	. If No, please select all that apply?
	Suspected by GP/ ED/ Diagnostic tests sent by other Confirmed by GP/ED/other
	Confirmatory test was CTPA/VQ/other Other (please specify)



-						
Diii).	Patients that develop	ed PE as an inp	patient			
	If the patient developed sy what was the original reas					
	Is there evidence in the no VTE risk at admission	otes that the patier	nt was assesse	ed for	Yes	☐ No
21c.	If Yes to 21b, what decision	on was made?				
	No thromboprophylaxis required	Anti-embolic stockings	☐ Intermitte	ent Pneumatic sion	Aspirin	
	] LMWH	Apixaban	☐ Dabigatra	an etexilate	Fondaparii sodium	nux
	Rivaroxaban	☐ IVC filter permanent		inserted for this n (temporary)	Other	
21d. \	Was this plan implemented	1?	Yes	☐ No	Unknown	
21e.	If No to 21d, what method	of thromboprophy	laxis was prov	ided?		
[	None	Anti-embolio	Intermit	ttent Pneumatic ession	Aspirin	
[	LMWH	Apixaban	☐ Dabiga	tran etexilate	☐ Fondapa sodium	rinux
[	Rivaroxaban	☐ IVC filter permanent		er inserted for thi ion (temporary)	S Other	
	Was there an avoidable destarting thromboprophylaxi	•	Yes	☐ No	☐ Not appli	icable
21g. <sub> </sub>	If Yes please expand on yo	our answer?				
22a. \	When was PE first suspec	ted hh m	24 hr clock	☐ Time unknown [	d d m m	y y y y
22b.	In your opinion was there patient had symptoms of I	a delay in recognis		Yes	□ No □	Unknown
22c.	If Yes please give a reaso	n for your answer	?			
22d.	How long was the delay?		hours			
22e.	In your opinion was the de	lay avoidable?		□ Y	es No	)
22f.	In your opinion did the del	ay have an advers	e impact on ou	utcome?	es 🗌 No	)
	What type of ward was the when PE symptoms were		Medical  Other (pleas	` <u> </u>	Critical care	
	What type of ward was the transferred to after PE wa		Medical		Critical care	Not transferred
23c.	If the patient was transfer	L ed who made the	Other (pleas	e specify)		
		_	ematologist	Respiratory	physician	
	Other (please specify				,	
	caller (produce opening		8		118400 344	

23d.	Wh	ich team	mana	iged	the patient	when	PE was suspe		?						
		Medical		Surg (orth	jical lopaedics)		Surgical (non orthopaedics		Obs gyna			nco	logy		
		VTE		Critic	cal care		Critical care outreach		Othe spec	er (please cify)	e				
E	Ass	essmen	t, inv	/est	igations a	nd tr	eatments - a	II pa	tient	s					
 24a.	Wh	at were t	he firs	st se	t of observa	tions r	ecorded wher	ı PE	was s	uspected	<del>]</del> ?				
	Res	spiratory i	rate			Not	documented	Hea	art rat	e			☐ No	ot docu	ımented
	GC	S or AVP	טי [			Not	documented	Sp0	<b>)</b> 2				□ N	ot docu	ımented
	ВР			<i>'</i>		Not	documented	Ter	npera	ture			☐ No	ot docu	ımented
24b.	Wh	at were tl	he clir	nical	symptoms v	when	PE was suspe	cted	(pleas	se mark	all that	app	oly)?		
		Chest p	ain		Shortness breath	of	☐ Haemor	otysis	;	□ Synd	ope / ng			Cough	1
		Panic a			Leg pain a swelling	nd/or	Arm pai swelling		d/or	☐ Othe	r (plea ify)	ase			
24c.					the hospital' E was used		☐ Yes [	] N	o	□ Not appli	cable			Unkno	wn
		s a clinica es, which	•		lity score for as used?	PEc	alculated?			☐ Yes		No		Unkno	wn
	Mod	dified Wel	lls Sco	ore	Simp	lified I	Revised Gene	va So	core	☐ Two	level F	PE V	Vells S	core	
	Rev	ised Gen	eva S	core	Pulm Criter		Embolism Ru	le Ou	ıt	Othe	r (plea ify)	se [			
25c.	If Y	es to 25a	a, wha	t sc	ore was doc	umen	ted in the note	s?							
26a.		our opinio			ere a delay i of PE?	n reco	ognising the			☐ Yes		No		Unkno	wn
26b.	If Y	es what v	were t	he r	easons for d	lelay?									
26c.	If Y	es to 26a	how	long	was the de	lay?			h	ours					_
27a.	Wh	ich of the	follo	wing	'initial' inves	stigation	ons were carri	ed ou	ut whe	en PE wa	s susp	ecte	ed?		
		dDimer			Clotting screen		Troponin		Bloo	d gases			ECG		
		CXR			U+Es		FBC			t of care cardiogr			BNP/	NT-pro	BNP
		Other (p specify)	lease												
	hav	e been u	nderta		ny initial inve omitted?	estiga	tions that shou	ıld		☐ Y	es		No	☐ L	Jnknown
27c.	If Y	es, which	า?		Clatting			_							
		dDimer			Clotting screen		Troponin			d gases	uc /		ECG		
		CXR			U+Es		FBC			t of care cardiogr			BNP/	NT-pro	BNP
		Other (p specify)	lease												
							9				8 <sup>  </sup> 11	849	0'11'3''	54884	<u>4</u> 11

28a. Which of the following investigations were undertaken (these may have occurred prior to the patients attendance/admission or after their discharge)?

Investigation (please tick all that apply)	Date and time requested	Date and time agreed	Date and time done	Date and time reported
☐ CTPA				
	d d m m y y	dd m m y y	dd m m y y	dd m m y y
	24 hr clock	24 hr clock	24 hr clock	24 hr clock
	hh m m	hh m m	hh m m	hh m m
☐ VQ/SPECT				
	dd m m y y	d d m m y y	dd m m y y	dd m m y y
	24 hr clock	24 hr clock	24 hr clock	24 hr clock
	hh m m	hh m m	hh m m	hh m m
Ultrasound of the				
lower and/or upper limb veins	d d m m y y	d d m m y y	d d m m y y	d d m m y y
☐ lower ☐ upper	24 hr clock	24 hr clock	24 hr clock	24 hr clock
	hh m m	hh m m	hh m m	hh m m
Other (please specify)				
	dd m m y y	dd m m y y	dd m m y y	dd mm yy
	24 hr clock	24 hr clock	24 hr clock	24 hr clock
	hh m m	hh m m	hh m m	hh m m
Other (please specify)				
	dd m m y y	dd m m y y	dd m m y y	d d m m y y
	24 hr clock	24 hr clock	24 hr clock	24 hr clock
	hh mm	hh mm	hh mm	hh m m



28b. In your opinion have been ur	on were any invendertaken omitte		ns that should	Yes	☐ No		Unknown
28c. If Yes, which?	?   CTPA	□ V	Q/SPECT		und of the mb veins		Transthoracic diogram
	☐ MRI/MR\	, , ,	ransoesophageal chocardiogram	Focuse	ed ardiogram $\Box$	] Other	
29a. In your opinio	on were there ar	ny delays	s to carrying out	☐ Yes	a.og.a	_ ] No	Unknown
any investiga <b>29b.</b> If Yes how lo	itions once PE v			<u> </u>	_	, L	
29c. If Yes please		y: [	days	hours			
•		the form	mal / final report d	escribe:			
<ul><li>a) the site of</li></ul>			_		Cubaaan	n ontol	
thrombus	Central	Ш	Lobar   S	Segmental	Subsegn	nentai	
	☐ Not specifi	ed 🗌	Other (please sp	ecify)			
b) the size of thrombus	Large		Moderate S	Small	☐ Not quar	ntified	
tillombus	Other (plea	ase spec	ify)				
c) evidence of right heart strain	Yes		No No	lo comment	made		
d) Other findings	Malignancy metastic di		Pulmonar infarction	ту 🗆	Infection		hronic lung isease
	Other (plea	ase spec	ify)				
Were any particular documented	tient risk factors before commen	for blee	ding You	es 🗌	No		
<b>31b.</b> If Yes what w	vas documented	d?					
32. Which of the	following acute	treatme	ents did the patien	t receive an	d when was th	e first dos	e given?
☐ LMWH			24 hr clock	☐ Time unknown			
_		h h	m m	<b>┌</b> Time	d d	m m	y y y y
Fondaparinux	X		24 hr clock	unknown	d d	m m	y y y y
☐ IV unfraction	ated	h h	m m 24 hr clock	☐ Time			
☐ heparin (UFF	1)	h h	m m	<b>□</b> unknown	d d	m m	y y y y
☐ Warfarin			24 hr clock	☐ Time			
_		h h	m m	2	d d	m m	у у у
Oral anti-coa (please spec			24 hr clock	☐ Time unknown			
		h h	m m		d d	m m	у у у у
Supplementa oxygen	1		24 hr clock	☐ Time unknown			
_	highest %	h h	m m	☐ Time	d d	m m	y y y y
Inotropes			24 hr clock	unknown			
		h h	m m		d d	m m ■!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!	y y y y ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■
			11		2 <sup>  </sup> 118	490 <sup>  </sup> 36	4 1 0 1 <sup>  </sup>

<b>33a.</b> In your opinion, were the correct treatments prescribed to this patient?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown
33b. In your opinion were there any avoidable delays to commmencing any of the treatments?	Yes No Unknown
33c. If Yes how long was the delay?	
<b>33d.</b> Was the patient involved in the treatment decision?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown
<b>34a.</b> If imaging to diagnose PE was scheduled for a later date/time (eg plan was made for the interim period (please select all that apply)	<b>C</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Start anticoagulant therapy (details provided on previous page)  If on ambulatory care pathway,patient admitted to hospital	Patient was discharged with plan to re-attend at time of confirmatory scan
☐ Information leaflet given ☐ Safety-net advice given	NA - scanned same day
Other (please specify)	
34b. If an ambulatory care patient was discharged with a plan to re-atte who made this decision?	nd at the time of a confirmatory scan,
Grade of most senior Doctor (see defintions)	
If not a Doctor (please specify)	
<b>34c.</b> How was the decision to admit or discharge the patient made?	
☐ Clinical assessment ☐ Pulmonary Embolism Severity Index (PESI) score	simplified PESI score
☐ Hestia criteria ☐ NEWS score ☐	
Other (please specify)	☐ Unknown/Not documented
35. Observations at the time PE was confirmed	
Respiratory rate	☐ Not documented
GCS or AVPU Not documented SpO2	☐ Not documented
BP Not documented Temperatur	re Not documented
<b>36a.</b> Was there an assessment of severity of PE?	Yes No Unknown
<b>36b.</b> If Yes what ? ☐ PESI score ☐ Simplified PESI score	APACHE-II
☐ euroSCORE II ☐ Glasgow Coma ☐ Other (please specify)	
<b>36c.</b> If Yes what was the severity score	
<b>36d.</b> If Yes when was the score calculated  before confirmation of diagnosis	and/or after confirmation of diagnosis
37a. Were other methods of assessing severity of PE used?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown
37b. If Yes what?	

F. Escalation				
Please answer the following questions if this patient was admitted to hospital, even if they were initially on an ambulatory care pathway. If the patient was not admitted please go to section G				
38a. Was a treatment escalation decision made?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown			
<b>38b.</b> If Yes, what was the date and time of this decision?				
Date unknown	24 hr clock Time unknown			
d d m m y y y y <b>38c.</b> Please indicate what escalation decisions were made:	h m m			
For CPR				
☐ For invasive ventilation ☐ Not for invasive	e ventilation			
☐ For critical care referral ☐ Not for critical c				
	Replacement Therapy			
☐ For vasopressor support ☐ Not for vasopre	•			
☐ For systemic thrombolysis ☐ Not for systemi	ic thrombolysis			
For catheter directed thrombolysis Not for cathete	r directed thrombolysis			
☐ For surgical thrombectomy ☐ Not for surgical	I thrombectomy			
☐ For IVC filter ☐ Not for IVC filter	er			
39a. Was escalation of treatment discussed with the patient?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown			
<b>39b.</b> If not discussed, was the reason for this documented?	☐ Yes ☐ No			
39c. If not discussed, was this due to the patient's medical condition	n?  Yes  No			
39d. Was treatment escalation discussed with the patient's family or next of kin?	☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown			
<b>40a.</b> Was the patient referred for: Level 2/3 admission	☐ Specialist procedure			
Escalation of care to another hospital Other	☐ None of the above			
<b>40b.</b> If Referred, in your opinion was this timely?	Yes No Unknown			
<b>40c.</b> If the patient wasn't referred for any of the above, in your opinion, should they have been?	☐ Yes ☐ No			
<b>40d.</b> If Yes, please expand on your answer				
<b>41a.</b> Was the patient admitted to:	el 2 Mixed Level 2/3			
Transferred to another ho	ospital Not admitted			
41b. If Yes, please provide the date and time of this level 2/3 admis admission to level 2/3 please put the date of the first admission				
d d m m y y y y	h m m			
<b>42a.</b> In your opinion was the transfer to level 2/3 care timely?	Yes No NA not admitted			
42b. If No what caused the delay?  Bed availability	Delayed recognition			
Other (please specify)				
13				

<b>42c.</b> If the patient was not admitted to level 2/3, in your opinion, should the patient ☐ Yes ☐ No have been?				
42d. If Yes, please expand on your answer:				
If the patient was not admitted to level 2/3 care please go to section G				
<b>43.</b> Which interventions/monitoring did the patient receive in the level 2/3 ward? (If the patient had more than one admission to a level 2/3 ward please answer the question for the first admission)				
Respiratory Cardiovascular support				
☐ CPAP ☐ NIV ☐ High flow oxygen ☐ Invasive ventilation ☐ IABP ☐ ECMO ☐ Vasopressors ☐ Inotropes ☐ Mechanica support				
☐ Renal Replacement Therapy ☐ Cardiac output ☐ Other ☐ Other				
haemodialysis haemofiltration				
<b>44a.</b> What was the outcome of the level 2/3 stay / Discharged to ward Discharged from hospital Died				
<b>44b.</b> For patients discharged to a ward, what was the date/time of discharge?				
Date unknown 24 hr clock Time unknown				
d d m m y y y y h h m m				
<b>44c.</b> Was the patient readmitted to a level 2/3 ward? ☐ Yes ☐ No				
44d. If Yes why was the patient readmitted to a level 2/3 ward?				
G. Further treatment and intervention - all patients				
<b>45a.</b> Was the anticoagulation plan changed after the first dose was administered? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown				
45b. If Yes what was prescribed?				
☐ LMWH ☐ Fondaparinux ☐ Oral anti-coagulant (please specify below)				
IV unfractionated heparin (UFH) Warfarin				
☐ IV unfractionated ☐ Warfarin ☐				
IV unfractionated heparin (UFH) Warfarin  45c. What was the reason for Planned switch Adverse effects				
IV unfractionated heparin (UFH)  Warfarin  Planned switch to oral therapy  Clinical  Other (please specify)  Other (please specify)				
IV unfractionated heparin (UFH)  Warfarin  Planned switch to oral therapy  Clinical deterioration  Warfarin  Other (please specify)				
IV unfractionated heparin (UFH)  Warfarin  Warfarin  Planned switch to oral therapy Clinical deterioration  Clinical deterioration  Warfarin  Planned switch to oral therapy Clinical deterioration  Other (please specify)  Yes No				
IV unfractionated heparin (UFH)  Warfarin  Warfarin  Planned switch to oral therapy Clinical deterioration  Clinical deterioration  Warfarin  Planned switch to oral therapy (please specify)  Clinical deterioration  Warfarin  Adverse effects (please specify)  Other (please specify)  Yes No  No  No				
IV unfractionated heparin (UFH)				
IV unfractionated heparin (UFH)				
IV unfractionated heparin (UFH)				
Warfarin  Adverse effects (please specify)  Clinical deterioration  Other (please specify)  Warfarin  Planned switch to oral therapy  Clinical deterioration  Other (please specify)  Warfarin  Adverse effects (please specify)  Warfarin  Planned switch to oral therapy  Clinical deterioration  Other (please specify)  Yes No  Warfarin  Adverse effects (please specify)  Yes No  Afoc. If Yes to 46b why do you think further intervention should have been undertaken?  Contraindication for anticoagulation anticoagulation anticoagulation anticoagulation Specify)  Warfarin  Contrained switch to oral therapy  Adverse effects (please specify)  Adverse effects (please specify)  Adverse effects (please specify)				



46e.	Why do you think the intervent	tion was not underta	ken?			
	Not available at this hospital	☐ Not available of	out of hours	Pro	cedure wasn	't considered
	Other (please specify)					
47a.	Which of the following interver	ntions were undertak	ken?			
	Systemic (intravenous) thrombolysis - go to Q47b	Catheter directe thrombolysis - g		☐ clot d	eter directed clearance - g	o to Q47b
	Surgical thrombectomy - go to Q47b	☐ IVC Filter Inserti - go to Q51a	ion		urther interv se go to sec	
	Other intervention (please specify) - go to Q47b					
47b.	. Was the reason for this interve	ention documented?		☐ Yes	☐ No	
47c.	If Yes what was the reason (a	nswers may be mult	iple)?	Other	. /::laaaa 💳	
	☐ Shock/hypotension ☐ I	Hypoxia 🔲 Right	heart strain	☐ Otner	r (please fy)	
48.	Was an appropriate consent for completed and signed?	orm with details of ris	sk and benef	fits	Yes	☐ No
49.	Was an inter-hospital transfer	required to deliver th	his treatment	:?	Yes	☐ No
50a.	Did the treatment improve the	ir condition?			Yes	☐ No
50b.	. Did the patient suffer any com	plications?			Yes	☐ No
50c.	If Yes what?					
50d	L In Your opinion were any of the	e complications avo	idable? $\Box$	Yes	□ No	Not
	In Varia aninian mana tha anno	·		163		☐ applicable ☐ Not
50e.	In Your opinion were the compappropriately?	nications managed		Yes	☐ No	applicable
	IVC filter insertion - please c	omplete questions	51 - 59 if the	e patient h	ad an IVC fil	lter inserted
51a.	Was the reason for IVC filter in	nsertion documented	d? 🔲	Yes	☐ No	
51b.	. If Yes what was the reason (a	nswers may be mult	• 1			
	Prevent further PE Res	sidual DVT	High risk fo anticoagula		Contrair anticoag	ndication for gulation
	Recurrent PE whilst Recurrent PE whilst Recurrent PE whilst	quires surgery	Poor antico compliance			
	Other (please specify)					
51c.	If the patient received a pre-op what surgery did they have?	perative IVC filter,				
51d.	. When was full therapeutic anti	coagulation started	after surgery	?	days p	oost surgery
52.	Was an appropriate consent for benefits for IVC filter insertion				Yes	☐ No

<b>53.</b> Was an inter-hospital transfer required to deliver this treatment?	Yes	☐ No
<b>54a.</b> When was the filter inserted?		
<b>54b.</b> Did the patient suffer any complications of filter insertion?	Yes	☐ No
56b. If Yes what?		
56a. Was the IVC filter planned to be Permanent or	Tempor	ary
<b>56b.</b> If permanent what was reason for this?		
<b>56c.</b> If permanent was follow up booked?		
<b>57a.</b> If the filter was planned to be temporary, was a retrieval date booked at the time of insertion?	Yes	☐ No
57b. If Yes what date was retrieval booked for?		
57c. Was the filter retrieved?	☐ Yes	☐ No
<b>57d.</b> If Yes when was the filter retrieved?		
d d m m y y y y  58a. Did the patient suffer any complications?	Yes	☐ No
58b. If Yes what?		
<b>59.</b> If the filter was not retrieved what was the reason for this?		
☐ Clot in filter ☐ Retrieval attempted but failed ☐	Clinical dete	rioration
Decision changed to Other permanent filter		
H. Discharge and follow up - all patients		
60a. What was the date of discharge or death?		
<b>60b.</b> What was the discharge location?	у у	
☐ Discharged to usual place of residence ☐ Not applicable, patiently admission (please of patiently)		_
☐ Discharged to another hospital ☐ Other ☐		
61a. What anti-coagulant medication and dose of medication was this patient	discharged c	n?
LMWH Warfarin	☐ DOAC	
Other (please specify)	None	Unknown
61b. What was the duration of anti-coagulant prescription – (in days)		
61c. In your opinion was this adequate?	Yes 🔲 N	lo
<b>62.</b> Did the patient receive written information about PE at discharge?	Yes 🔲 N	lo 🔲 Unknow
16	3 <sup>II</sup> 118490	<sup>  </sup> 3 6 4 2 9 2 <sup>  </sup>

63a. Was follow up arranged for the patient?
63b. If Yes when was the first follow up arranged for?
d d m m y y y y  63c. Which specialties were involved in follow up?
☐ Haematology ☐ Respiratory ☐ Critical care ☐ Acute medicine ☐ Cardiology
Anticoagulation Vascular Other (please specify)
64a. Was risk of thrombophilia assessed during this follow up?
64b. If No why was risk of thrombophilia not assessed ?
<b>65a.</b> Was a further appointment arranged for this patient at 3 months?
65b. If Yes which specialties were involved?
☐ Haematology ☐ Respiratory ☐ Critical care ☐ Acute medicine
Anticoagulation Cardiology Vascular Other (please specify)
<b>66.</b> Was a decision made about the duration of anticoagulation? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Unknown
67a. Was the patient readmitted to hospital within 6 months of discharge?
67b. If Yes was this a complication of PE?
67c. If Yes please provide details (date readmitted, duration and compliation)?
duration (days) complication
dd m m y y y y
duration (days) complication
dd m m y y y y
I. Death - please complete this section if the patient died during this hospital attendance
68a. Speciality of consultant responsible at time of death
68b. Was death anticipated? ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Not documented ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ No ☐ Not documented ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ N
<b>69b.</b> If Yes, was treatment withdrawal discussed with (please select all that apply):
Patient Relatives Consultant physician
69c. If not discussed, please provide reasons:



70.	Was the patient referred to / discussed with the palliative care team?	Yes	☐ No	☐ Not documented		
71.	Was CPR attempted?	Yes	☐ No			
72.	What level ward was the patient on when they died (se	e page 2 for	definitions)?			
	Level 0 Level 1 Level 2		Level 3	■ Not documented		
73.	What was the cause of death recorded as?					
	1a)					
	1b)					
	1c)					
	2)					
74a.	Was this case reported to the coroner/procurator fiscal?	☐ Yes	☐ No	Unknown		
74b.	Was a hospital or coronial/fiscal autopsy performed?	Yes	☐ No	Unknown		
_						
J. <i>A</i>	Audit and review - please complete this section	for all patie	ents			
75a.	Was the patient discussed at a M & M meeting?	Yes	☐ No	■ Not applicable		
75b.	If Yes, were remediable factors in the care of this patient identified?	Yes	☐ No			
75c.	If Yes, what were the remediable factors and what action was taken?					
76a.	If the patient was not discussed at an M & M meeting, having now reviewed the case, in your opinion were there lessons to be learned?	☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ Not documented		
76b.	If Yes, please describe these:					
77.	Was the patient included in a hospital related VTE review program?	Yes	☐ No	☐ Not applicable		
	Thank you for completing this questionnaire					

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