Lower Limb Amputation Study National Confidential Enquiry into Patient Outcome and Death (NCEPOD) ADVISOR ASSESSMENT FORM

NCEPOD Number:				
A. PATIENT DETAILS				
1. Age at time of admission:				
2. Gender		Male	Female	
3. Weight		kg	Not documented	
4. Height		cm	Not documented	
5. BMI			Not documented	
B. ADMISSION DETAILS				
B. ADMISSION BETALES				
6. Date and time of arrival at hospital:			Not documented	
7. Date and time of first medical review:			Not documented	
8. What grade of doctor admitted the patient? (Please use grade codes)				
9. What was the specialty of the admitting (Please use specialty codes)	g doctor?		Not documented	
10. Date and time of first consultant review:		:	Not documented	
11. Reason for admission (answers may be multiple)				
Ischaemic rest pain	Ischaemic res	t pain with ulceration	and/or gangrene	
Neuropathy	Neuropathy w	vith ulceration and/or	gangrene	
Other (please specify)				
12. Reason for amputation (answers may be multiple)				
Ischaemic rest pain	Ischaemic res	t pain with ulceration	and/or gangrene	
Neuropathy	Neuropathy w	vith ulceration and/or	gangrene	
Other (please specify)				
13. To what specialty was the patient first admitted? [Not documented [Please use specialty codes]				

14. In your opinion was the timing of the first consultant review appropriate?		Yes No Unable to answer		
15a. Was a clear initial management/monitoring plan documented? Yes No Unable to answer				
15b. If YES, In your opinion was this management/monitoring plan appropriate?		Yes No Unable to answer		
16. Was the admission:	Elective	Non-elective		
17. Mode of admission:	Via emergency department	Direct from GP		
	From vascular clinic	From outpatient clinic		
	Via diabetic foot clinic	Hospital transfer		
	Other (please specify)			
	was not under a vascular surgical team, have had the potential to change the	Yes No Unable to answer		
outcome?	have had the potential to change the	Not applicable		
C. INTERNAL HOSPITAL TR	ANSFERS			
19a. Was the patient subse	equently transferred to another specialty	Yes No Unable to answer		
19b. Was this an appropriatransferred to?	ate specialty for the patient to be	Yes No Unable to answer		
19c.To which specialty was the patient transferred? (Please use grade codes) Unable to answer				
20a In vous opinion was t				
20a. III your opinion, was t	he transfer appropriate?	Yes No Unknown		
20b. If NO, please give det		Yes No Unknown		
		Yes No Unknown		
		Yes No Unknown		

D. INITIAL MANAGEMENT AND PRE-OPERATIVE CARE 21a. Were there any comorbidities present at the time of admission? Type 1 Diabetes Type 2 Diabetes Respiratory disease Chronic Kidney Disease (≥stage 3; GFR<60) Kidney Dialysis Previous TIA Hypertension (requiring medication) Atrial fibrillation Previous stroke Angina Previous myocardial infarction Congestive cardiac failure Previous coronary stent insertion or CABG Obesity Previous peripheral vascular stent insertion/reconstruction Concurrent sepsis Current smoker Dyslipidaemia Other (please specify) 21b.If YES to 21a, was there potential to improve or control any of Unable to answer the comorbidities present? 21c. If YES to 21b, in your opinion, was an adequate attempt made No Unable to answer Yes to control the co-morbidities present? 21d. If NO to 21c, please give details: 21e. If YES to 21c, were the comorbidities adequately controlled? Yes No Unable to answer 22. What was the patient's smoking history? Current smoker Ex-smoker Never smoked Unable to answer 23. Which of the following medications was the patient already prescribed prior to admission? (Answers may be multiple) Statins / Lipid modifying drugs Antiplatelet drugs **ACE Inhibitor** Anticoagulants **Antibiotics** Unable to answer

3

No

No

Yes

Yes

Unable to answer

Unable to answer

24. Was the patient's nutritional state assessed within 48 hours

of admission to hospital?

25. Was a nutritional plan documented?

	• •	ultants) other than the admitting consul ring this episode of care? (please answe		-
Diabetology	Yes - appropriately	No - should have been reviewed	No - NA	Unknown
Renal medicine	Yes - appropriately	No - should have been reviewed	No - NA	Unknown
Care of the Elderly	Yes - appropriately	No - should have been reviewed	No - NA	Unknown
Cardiology	Yes - appropriately	No - should have been reviewed	No - NA	Unknown
Anaesthesia	Yes - appropriately	No - should have been reviewed	No - NA	Unknown
Respiratory	Yes - appropriately	No - should have been reviewed	No - NA	Unknown
Other (specify)	Yes - appropriately	No - should have been reviewed	No - NA	Unknown
27a. How was the vepisode)?	viability of the IPSILATER.	AL limb/foot assessed prior to surgery (i	n this admission	or treatment
No assessm	nent	Clinical assessment		
Ankle-brac	hial pressure index	Duplex ultrasound	Unable to	answer
NA – bilate	NA – bilateral amputation Angiography (conventional, MRA, CTA)			
Previous m	ajor amputation (Hindqu	uarter, AK, TK, BK)		
27b. What was the	interval between assess	ment and the operation appropriate?		
27c. If no, why not?	?			
27d. In your opinio	n, was this assessment a	dequate? Yes No	Unable to	answer
27e. If assessment	was not adequate please	e specify why not		
28a. How was the v treatment episode)	•	ATERAL limb/foot assessed prior to surg	ery (in this admi	ssion or
No assessm	nent	Clinical assessment		
Ankle-brac	hial pressure index	Duplex ultrasound	Unable to	answer
NA – bilate	ral amputation	Angiography (conventional, MRA, o	CTA)	

Previous major amputation (Hindquarter, AK, TK, BK)
28b. In your opinion, was this assessment adequate? Yes No Unable to answer
28c. If assessment was not adequate please specify why not
29. Was this patient discussed at a vascular MDT prior to surgery? Yes No Unable to answer
30a. Did the patient require pain relief in the pre-operative period? Yes No Unable to answer
30b. If YES, was a specialist pain team involved in pre-operative pain management? Yes No Unable to answer
30c. If NO, would specialist pain management have been appropriate? Yes No Unable to answer
31a. How would you rate the management of pain in this patient?
Good Adequate Poor Unsatisfactory Unable to answer
31b. If POOR or UNSATISFACTORY please give reasons for your answer:
32. Is there evidence in the case notes that discharge planning and rehabilitation were discussed in the pre-operative period? Yes No Unable to answer
33. Is there evidence in the case notes that a named individual was allocated to co-ordinate care, rehabilitation and discharge planning? Yes No Unable to answer
34. Was antithrombotic prophylaxis contraindicated on admission? Yes No Unable to answer
35. What prophylaxis against VTE was prescribed and used?
Low molecular weight heparin Compression stockings
Pneumatic compression Other (please specify)
Unknown
36. Was antithrombotic prophylaxis continued appropriately? Yes No Unable to answer
37a. Was an attempt made to re-vascularise the limb in the pre-operative period? Yes No Unable to answer

37b. If NO, would an attempt at revascularisation have been appropriate?	Yes No Unable to answer
37c. Please give reasons for your answer:	
38a. Overall how would you rate the initial management and pre-op	perative care?
Good Adequate Poor Una	acceptable Unable to answer
38b. Please give reasons for your answer:	
E. PRE-ASSESSMENT	
39. Did the patient attend a pre-assessment clinic?	Yes No Unable to answer
If NO or Not applicable please go to question 44	Not Applicable (urgent admission)
40. What was the grade of the clinician responsible for the assessment? (Please use grade codes)	Unable to answer
41. What was the specialty of the clinician responsible for the assessment? (Please use specialty codes)	Unable to answer
42a. Were any medical issues identified at this pre-assessment that required specialist review to optimise the patient for surgery?	Yes No Unable to answer
42b. If YES, please specify:	
42c. If YES, were appropriate measures put in place to optimise the patient's medical condition?	Yes No Unable to answer
43a. Were there any discrepancies identified on admission compared with this clinic's assessment?	Yes No Unable to answer

43b. If YES, please specify:
F. CONSENT
44. What was the grade of the person taking consent? Unable to answer (Please use grade codes)
45a. Was the seniority of the person taking consent appropriate?
45b. If no, please explain your answer
46. Were the risks and benefits of surgery fully recorded on the consent form? Yes No Unable to answer
47. Was the risk of death included on the consent form? Yes No Unable to answer
48a. How would you rate the quality of information on the consent form?
Good Adequate Poor Unacceptable Unable to answer
48b. If POOR or UNSATISFACTORY, what was omitted? Please give reasons for your answer:
G. PERI-OPERATIVE CARE
49a. Were any important investigations not included in this patient's pre-operative assessment?
49b. If YES, please specify?
50a. In your opinion, was the patient's pre-operative risk assessed adequately? Yes No Unable to answer
50b. If NO, what should have been done differently?
51a. Were factors that increased the patient's operative risk managed appropriately?

51b. If NO, what should have been done differently?			
52. If the operation was undertaken as a	palliative procedure, wa	s this appropriate?	
H. THE SURGICAL PROCEDURE			
53a. Is the date and time of the decision notes?	to operate recorded in t	he Yes No	Unable to answer
53b. If YES, at what date and time was the decision made?	nis	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	Unable to answer
54. What was the date and time of the operation?		:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	Unable to answer
55a. If the operation was undertaken our weekends) was this appropriate?	t of hours (6pm-8am Mo	n-Fri Yes No	Unable to answer
55b. If NO, why not?			
56a. Was there evidence in the case note was not given adequate priority?	es to suggest the operation	on Yes No	Unable to answer
56b. If yes, please explain you answer:			
57. What was the grade of the most seni theatre? (Please use specialty codes)	or surgeon present in		Unable to answer
58a. Were there any immediate complication	ations of surgery?	Yes No	Unable to answer
58b. If YES, what were they?			
59a. In your opinion was the most appro undertaken? 59b. If NO, please give reasons for your		Yes No	Unable to answer

decision to operate and the time of the operation?	Yes No Unable to answer
60b. If YES, please give details:	
61a. In your opinion, did the time spent waiting for the operation affect the outcome?	Yes No Unable to answer
61b. If YES, please give details:	
62a. In your opinion, was this an appropriate amputation?	Yes No Unable to answer
62b If NO, why not?	
63. Did the patient require an escalation of care to Level 2 or 3 in the post operative period?	ne Yes No Unable to answer
64. Did the patient receive the appropriate escalation in care?	
Yes at the appropriate time Yes but delay in escalation	No Not applicable
65. For patients who required organ support, what organ support v	vas required?
Ventilation Cardiovascular	Renal Unable to answer
Other (please specify)	
66. Was the patient already receiving antibiotics prior to surgery?	Yes No Unable to answer
67a. Were prophylactic antibiotics indicated in this case?	Yes No Unable to answer
67b. If YES, were they administered?	Yes No Unable to answer
68c. If YES, what time were the prophylactic antibiotics administers (24hr clock)	ed? Unable to answer
It is recommended that prophylactic antibiotics are administered bincision.	petween 1 and 60 minutes prior to the first
69a. Was this standard met?	Yes No Unable to answer
69b. If UNABLE TO ANSWER was this due to (answers may be multi	ple)

Other (please explain)

I. ANAESTHESIA		
70. What was the grade of the most senior theatre?	anaesthetist present in	Unable to answer
71. Was the patient assessed on the ward panaesthetist?	rior to surgery by the	Yes No Unable to answer
72a. In your view, were there aspects of the anaesthetic assessment that could have been improved?		nt Yes No Unable to answer
72b. If YES, please give details?		
73a. Were there any immediate complication	ons of anaesthesia?	Yes No Unable to answer
73b. If yes, what were they?		
J. POST OPERATIVE CARE		
74. Did an anaesthetist review the patient p (within 24 hours of surgery)?	oost operatively	Yes No Unable to answer
75a. Did any of the following post operative	e complications occur:	
Post operative bleeding (return to theatre)		Wound infection
Chest infection	Retention of urine	Urinary tract infection
Respiratory failure	Cardiac failure	Cardiac arrhythmia (New)
Myocardial infarction	Stroke/TIA	Post operative delirium
Bloodstream infection (bacteraemia)		Clostridium difficile infection
Significant deterioration in renal function		Deep vein thrombosis
Acute renal failure requiring renal replacement therapy Pulmonary embo		Pulmonary embolus
Pressure ulcers (If yes state site)		
Cardiac failure/pulmonary oedema		Death

Healthcare associated infection (please specify)	
75b. If YES, were they well managed?	Yes No Unable to answer
75c. If they were not well managed please explain your answer?	
76. Was fluid management satisfactory in the post-operative period?	Yes No Unable to answer
77. Was monitoring of post operative fluid balance adequate?	Yes No Unable to answer
78. Was the patient reviewed by an acute pain team in the post-operative period?	Yes No Unable to answer
79. How was pain relief provided in the immediate post operative pe	eriod?
Simple analgesics i.e. paracetamol, NSAIDs	
Weak opioids i.e. tramadol, codeine	
Strong opioids i.e. morphine, fentanyl, oxycodone, pethidine	2
Adjuvants – e.g.antidepressants, anticonvulsants	
Patient controlled analgesia system	
Epidural catheter Ner	ve sheath catheter
Other (please specify)	
80. How would you rate the management of the patient's post opera	ative pain?
Good Adequate Poor Una	cceptable Unable to answer
81. Did any of the following occur?	
Stump cellulitis (infection) without breakdown	Yes No Unable to answer
Stump breakdown	Yes No Unable to answer
Stump contracture	Yes No Unable to answer
82. Was a falls assessment undertaken? (answers may be multiple)	
Pre-operatively Post operatively Not underta	ken Unable to answer
83a. Did the patient experience a fall post operatively?	Yes No Unable to answer
83b. Please give further details:	

	83c. If YES to 83a, was there any advers	se consequence to the fall?	Yes No Unkno	own
	84. Was a nutritional assessment perfo	rmed post operatively?	Yes No Unkno	own
	85. Were nutritional supplements prov	ided?	Yes No Unkno	own
	86. Post operatively was the patient referral and the date of review:			
		Yes / No / Unknown / NA	Date referred	Date seen
a)	Physiotherapy	Y N U NA		
b)	Occupational therapy	Y N U NA		
c)	Social services	Y N U NA		
d)	Foot care team	Y N U NA		
e)	Specialist amputation rehabilitation service	Y N U NA		
f)	Clinical psychology	Y N U NA		
g)	Palliative care	Y N U NA		
	87. For patients who were seen, was the review by any of the above? 88. If the patient was not seen, in your	, , , ,		e to answer
,	, ,			
a)	Physiotherapy	YesNoNot	applicable Unabl	e to answer
b)	Occupational therapy	Yes No Not	applicable Unabl	e to answer
c)	Social services	Yes No Not	applicable Unable	e to answer
d)	Foot care team	Yes No Not	applicable Unabl	e to answer
e)	Specialist amputation rehabilitation ser	rvice Yes No Not	applicable Unabl	e to answer
f)	Clinical psychology	Yes No Not	applicable Unabl	e to answer
g)	Palliative care	Yes No Not	applicable Unabl	e to answer

89a. Would any specialist review that v appropriate?	vas not obtained have been Yes No Unable to answer		
	Not applicable		
89b. If YES, please specify giving reasor	ns		
89. In addition to vascular surgery whice patient?	ch of the following specialists were involved in the post operative care of the		
Diabetology	Yes No Unable to answer Not applicable		
Renal medicine	Yes No Unable to answer Not applicable		
Care of the elderly	Yes No Unable to answer Not applicable		
Cardiology	Yes No Unable to answer Not applicable		
Microbiology	Yes No Unable to answer Not applicable		
Other (please specify below)	Yes No Unable to answer Not applicable		
91a. Were there any delays in the patients discharge? Yes No Unable to answer			
91b. If YES what was the cause of this? (Please tick all that apply)			
Delays in recovery	Delay in Social Service assessment?		
Delay in access to a secondary,	tertiary care bed Delay in wheelchair provision		
Delays in Occupational Therap	y assessment Waiting for home alterations		
Delay in Physiotherapy assessn	nent Waiting for re-housing		
Other (please specify)			
K. DISCHARGE			
92. Was the patient discharged:	Alive Died within 30 days of surgery Died >30 days post-surgery while still an in-patient		

For all patients transferred to a secondary care facility (i.e. back to another hospital):

93a. In your opinion was this an appropriat	e transfer?	Yes No Unable to answer
93b. If NO, please give details:		
L. DIABETES MANAGEMENT		
94. What type of diabetes did the patient h	ave?	
Type 1	Type 2	Other (e.g. post pancreatitis)
95. What treatment was the patient on for	diabetes at the time of	admission?
Diet controlled	Insulin	Thiazolidinediones ("Glitazones")
Metformin	Sulphonylureas (e.g. gliclazide, glipizide)
GLP-1 agonists (Exenatide/liraglution	de)	
Dipeptidyl peptidase-4 inhibitors ("	gliptins")	
Other (Please specify)		
96. In your opinion was preoperative glycae	emic control	
Good Adequate	Poor	nacceptable Unable to answer
97. If the glucose was >12mmol/l were eith ketones measured?	er urinary or blood	Yes No Unable to answer
98. If the preoperative diabetes control was that an effort made to address this prior to	•	nce Yes No Unable to answer
99a. Was a member of the diabetes team in improving preoperative glycaemic control?	nvolved in advising on	Yes No Unable to answer
99b. If YES, was the <u>frequency</u> of monitorin	g appropriate?	Yes No Unable to answer
100. With good control defined as <u>no more</u> your opinion, was:	than one reading > 11	mmol/L and none < 4 mmol/L in a 24hr period, in
a) The immediate post-operative glycaemic	control (up to the 4 th	post op day)
Good Adequate	Poor	nacceptable Unable to answer

b) The glycaemic control during the recovery period (beyond the 4 th day)				
Good Adequate Poor	Unac	ceptable [Unable to an	swer
101a.Did the patient receive an intravenous insulin infusion at any time during this admission? Yes No Unable to answer				
If NO, please go to question 106				
101b. How many days was the intravenous insulin given for?				swer
101c. Were glucose measurements made at least two hourly while on the infusion? Yes No Unable to answer				swer
102. On which post-operative day was an oral diet re-established?				swer
103. Was the usual diabetes treatment re-started before the intravenous insulin was stopped? Yes No Unable to answer				
104. In your opinion was hyperglycaemia adequately managed/avoided during the insulin infusion? Yes No Unable to answer				
105. Did hypoglycaemia occur while on the insulin infusion (glucose <4mmol/L)? Yes No Unable to answer				
M. DIABETES PRESCRIBING & DRUG MANAGEMENT				
M. DIABETES PRESCRIBING & DRUG MANAGEMENT				
M. DIABETES PRESCRIBING & DRUG MANAGEMENT 106a. Was the drug chart available for review?		Yes No		
		Yes No		
106a. Was the drug chart available for review?	Did occur	Yes No Did not occur	Unable to answer	Not applicable
106a. Was the drug chart available for review?		Did not		
106a. Was the drug chart available for review? 106b. If YES, which of the following occurred?		Did not		
106a. Was the drug chart available for review? 106b. If YES, which of the following occurred? Oral Hypoglycaemic Agent (OHA) prescription / mana		Did not		
106a. Was the drug chart available for review? 106b. If YES, which of the following occurred? Oral Hypoglycaemic Agent (OHA) prescription / mana OHA was written up		Did not		
106a. Was the drug chart available for review? 106b. If YES, which of the following occurred? Oral Hypoglycaemic Agent (OHA) prescription / mana OHA was written up Prescription was signed by prescriber		Did not		
106a. Was the drug chart available for review? 106b. If YES, which of the following occurred? Oral Hypoglycaemic Agent (OHA) prescription / mana OHA was written up Prescription was signed by prescriber OHA was signed as given Dose was reduced following hypoglycaemia		Did not		
106a. Was the drug chart available for review? 106b. If YES, which of the following occurred? Oral Hypoglycaemic Agent (OHA) prescription / mana OHA was written up Prescription was signed by prescriber OHA was signed as given Dose was reduced following hypoglycaemia (BG<4mmol/I) Dose was changed when persistent BG>11mmol/I Inappropriate omission of dose after hypoglycaemia		Did not		
106a. Was the drug chart available for review? 106b. If YES, which of the following occurred? Oral Hypoglycaemic Agent (OHA) prescription / mana OHA was written up Prescription was signed by prescriber OHA was signed as given Dose was reduced following hypoglycaemia (BG<4mmol/I) Dose was changed when persistent BG>11mmol/I Inappropriate omission of dose after		Did not		
106a. Was the drug chart available for review? 106b. If YES, which of the following occurred? Oral Hypoglycaemic Agent (OHA) prescription / mana OHA was written up Prescription was signed by prescriber OHA was signed as given Dose was reduced following hypoglycaemia (BG<4mmol/I) Dose was changed when persistent BG>11mmol/I Inappropriate omission of dose after hypoglycaemia		Did not		

Number (dose) clear				
Unit abbreviated to 'u' or written unclearly				
Insulin prescription was signed by prescriber				
Insulin was signed as given				
Insulin was increased when persistent BG >11 mmol/L				
Insulin was reduced if unexplained BG <4mmol/L				
Inappropriate omission of insulin after episode of hypoglycaemia				
107. Overall how would you rate the care of diabetes i	n this patient?			
Good Adequate Poor	Unacc	ceptable [Unable to an	swer
N. OVERALL ASSESSMENT OF CARE				
108. Overall assessment of care for this patient (please select one category only) Good practice: a standard of care you would expect from yourself, your trainees and your institution Room for improvement: aspects of clinical care that could have been better Room for improvement: aspects of organisational care that could have been better Room for improvement: aspects of clinical and organisational care that could have been better Less than satisfactory: several aspects of clinical and/or organisational care that were well below a standard you would expect from yourself, your trainees and institution Insufficient data				
Cause for concern cases – occasionally NCEPOD will refer cases that have been identified as "5" – less than satisfactory when it is felt that further feedback to the trust concerned is warranted. This is usually due to an area of concern particular to the hospital or clinician involved, and not for issues highlighted across the body of casenotes. This process has been agreed by the NCEPOD Steering group and the GMC. The medical director of the trust is written to by the Chief Executive of NCEPOD explaining our concerns. This process has been in operation for ten years and the responses received have always been positive in that they feel we are dealing with concerns in the most appropriate manner. If you feel that this case should be considered for such action, please cross: 109a. Are there any issues that you feel should be highlighted in the report? Yes No 109b. If YES, please give details:				

110a. Would this case form the basis of a good case study to highlight a specific theme in the report?	Yes No
110b. If YES, please give a brief case history below:	

CODES FOR SPECIALTY			
SURGICAL SPECIALTIES			
100 = General Surgery 101 = Urology 103 = Breast Surgery 104 = Colorectal Surgery 105 = Hepatobiliary & Pancreatic Surgery 106 = Upper Gastrointestinal Surgery	107 = Vascular Surgery 110 = Trauma & Orthopaedics 120 = Ear, Nose & Throat (ENT) 130 = Ophthamology 140 = Oral Surgery 145 = Maxillo-Facial Surgery 150 = Neurosurgery 160 = Plastic Surgery	161 = Burns Care 170 = Cardiothoracic Surgery 172 = Cardiac Surgery 173 = Thoracic Surgery 180 = Accident & Emergency 190 = Anaesthetics 192 = Critical/Intensive Care Medicine	
MEDICAL SPECIALTIES			
300 = General Medicine 301 = Gastroenterology 302 = Endocrinology 303 = Clinical Haematology 306 = Hepatology 307 = Diabetic Medicine 314 = Rehabilitation 315 = Palliative Medicine 320 = Cardiology	330 = Dermatology 340 = Respiratory Medicine 350 = Infectious Diseases 352 = Tropical Medicine 360 = Genito-Urinary Medicine 361 = Nephrology 370 = Medical Oncology 400 = Neurology 410 = Rheumatology	430 = Geriatric Medicine 500 = Obstetrics & Gynaecology 501 = Obstetrics 502 = Gynaecology 800 = Clinical Oncology 810 = Radiology 820 = General Pathology 823 = Haematology	

CODES FOR GRADE		
01 – Consultant 03 – Trainee with CCT 05 – Junior specialist trainee (ST1 & ST2 or CT equivalent)	02 – Staff Grade/Associate Specialist 04 - Senior specialist trainee (ST3+ or equivalent 06 – Basic Grade (HO/FY1 or SHO/FY2 or equivalent)	
07 - Other		